KCET 2020 CHEMISTRY QUESTION PAPER

- 1. Aqueous solution of a salt (A) forms a dense white precipitate with BaCl₂ solution. The precipitate dissolves in dilute HCl to produce a gas (B) which decolourises acidified KMnO₄ solution. A and B respectively are:
 - a) BaSO₃.H₂S
- b) BaSO₄.SO₂
- c) BaSO₃.SO₂
- d) BaSO₄.H₂S
- 2. Bond angle in PH_4^+ is more than that of PH_3 This is because
 - a) PH₃ has planar trigonal structure
 - b) Hybridisation of P changes when PH_3 is converted to PH_4^+
 - c) Lone pair bond pair repulsion exists in $\mathrm{PH_3}$
 - d) PH₄ has a square planar structure
- 3. Incorrectly matched pair is:
 - a) XeF₆ distorted octahedral
 - b) $XeOF_4$ square pyramidal
 - c) XeO₃ pyramidal
 - d) XeF₄ tetrahedral
- 4. Phosphorous pentachloride
 - a) Has all the five equivalent bond
 - b) Exist as an ionic solid in which the cation has an octahedral structure and the anion has a tetrahedral structure
 - c) On hydrolysis gives an oxo acid of phosphorus which is tribasic
 - d) On hydrolysis given an oxo acid of phosphorous which is a good reducing agent
- 5. Identify the set of paramagnetic ions among the following:
 - a) Ti^{3+} , Cu^{2+} , Mn^{3+}
- b) Sc^{3+} , Ti^{3+} , V^{3+}
- c) V^{2+} , Co^{2+} , Zn^{2+}
- d) Ni^{2+} , Cu^{2+} , Zn^{2+}

- 6. How many moles of $K_2Cr_2O_7$ is required to liberate 6 moles of I_2 an aqueous solution
 - of I^- ?
 - a) 0.25

b) 0.5

c) 2

- d) 1
- 7. Cu_2Cl_2 and $CuCl_2$ in aqueous medium
 - a) Both are unstable
 - b) Cu_2Cl_2 is more stable than $CuCl_2$
 - c) $CuCl_2$ is more stable than Cu_2Cl_2
 - d) Stability of Cu_2Cl_2 is equal to the stability of $CuCl_2$
- 8. The co ordination number of Fe and Co in the complex ions $\left[Fe(C_2O_4)_3\right]^{3-}$ and $\left[Co(SCN)_4\right]^{2-}$
 - a) 4 and 6
- b) 6 and 4
- c) 3 and 4
- d) 6 and 8
- 9. Number of stereoisomers exhibited by $\lceil Co(en_2)Cl_2 \rceil^+$ is
 - a) 5

b) 3

c) 4

- d) 2
- 10.The IUPAC name of $[Pt(NH_3)_4][Ptcl_4]$ is
 - a) Tetra ammine palatinate (0) tetra chloride platinum (IV)
 - b) Tetra ammine platinum (II) tetra chloride palatinate (II)
 - c) Tetra ammine platinum (0) tetra chloride platinum (IV)
 - d) Tetra ammine palatinate (II) tetra chloride platinum (II)
- 11. Prolonged exposure of chloroform in humans may cause damage to liver. It is due to the formation of the following compound
 - a) CH_2Cl_2
- b) *Cl*₂

c) CCl_{A}

d) $COCl_2$

- 12. Which of the following halides show the highest reactivity towards S_N 1 reactions?
 - a) $CH_3 CH_2 CH_2 CH_2 l$
 - b) C_6H_5Cl
 - c) $C_6H_5CH_2Cl$
 - d) CH_3CH_2Cl
- 13.In the reaction



The number of possible isomers for the compound is

a) 3

b) 2

c) 4

- d) 5
- 14. Which of the following on heating gives ether as the major product?
 - P. $C_6H_5CH_2Br + CH_3ONa$
 - Q. $C_6H_5ONa + CH_3Br$
 - R. $(CH_3)_2 C Cl + CH_3ONa$
 - S. $C_6H_5CH = CHCl + CH_3ONa$
 - a) Both Q and S
- b) Both P and Q
- c) Both R and S
- d) Both P and R
- 15. The steps involved in the conversion of propan 2 ol to propan 1 ol are in the order
 - a) Heating with PCl_5 , heating with alc.KOH, hydroboration oxidation
 - b) Dehydration, addition of *HBr* in the presence of a peroxide, heating with *aic.KOH*
 - c) Dehydration, addition of HBr , heating with $\mathit{alc}.\mathit{KOH}$
 - d) Heating with *PCl*₅ heating with *alc.KOH* acid catalysed addition of water
- 16. Which of the following is the strongest base?
 - a) OH^-

- b) *CH*₃*O*⁻
- c) CH_3COO^-
- d) Cl^{-}

17. Product 'P is

- 18. Which of the following has the lowest boiling point?
 - a) $CH_3 O CH_3$
- b) HCOOH
- c) CH₃CH₂OH
- d) $CH_3CH_2NH_2$
- 19. The carbonyl compound that does not undergo aldol condensation is
 - a) Trichloroacetaldehyde
 - b) Acetaldehyde
 - c) Acetone
 - d) Dichloroacetaldehyde

20.
$$NO_2$$

$$\frac{Br_2/FeBr_3}{P} \xrightarrow{conc} Q$$

$$Q \xrightarrow{i) NaNO_2, HCI, 273 K} R$$

$$R$$

The final product R is

- 21. Hinsberg's reagent is
 - a) $C_6H_5SO_2NH_2$
 - b) CH₃COCl / pyridine
 - c) $(CH_3CO)_2 O$ pyridine
 - d) $C_6H_5SO_2Cl$
- 22. Which of the following vitamins is not stored in the adipose tissue?
 - a) D

b) E

c) A

- d) B_6
- 23. Hypothyroidism is caused by the deficiency of
 - a) Thryoxine
- b) glucocorticoid
- c) Vitamin B 12
- d) Adrenalin
- 24. $C_1 C_4$ glycosidic bond is NOT found in
 - a) Lactose
- b) Starch
- c) Maltose
- d) Sucrose
- 25. Which of the following polymers has the strongest intermolecular forces of attraction?
 - a) Polythene
- b) Polystyrene
- c) Neoprene
- d) Terylene
- 26. Which of the following monomers can undergo condensation polymerisation?
 - a) Isoprene
- b) Propene
- c) Styrene
- d) Glycine
- 27.A food additive that also acts as an anti oxidant is
 - a) Sugar syrup
- b) Salt
- c) BHA
- d) Saccharin
- 28. Which of the following is not related to drug enzyme interaction?
 - a) Co enzymes
- b) Enzyme inhibitor
- c) Allosteric site
- d) Antagonist
- 29.0.4 g of Dihydrogen is made to react with 7.1 g of dichloride to form hydrogen chloride. The volume of hydrogen chloride formed at 273 K and 1 bar pressure is
 - a) 90.8 L
- b) 45.4 L
- c) 9.08 L
- d) 4.54 L

- 30. With regard to photoelectric effect, identify the correct statement among the following
 - a) Number of electrons ejected increases with the increase in work function
 - b) Number of electrons ejected increases with the increases of incident light
 - c) Energy of ejected electrons increases with the increases in the intensity of incident light
 - d) Numbers of electrons ejected increases with the increases in the frequency of the incident light
- 31. The last element of the p Block in the 6th period is represented by the outer most electronic configuration:
 - a) $4f^{14}5d^{10}6s^26p^2$
- b) $4f^{14}5d^{10}6s^26p^6$
- c) $7s^27p^6$
- d) $4f^{14}6d^{10}7s^27p^6$
- 32. The conjugate base of NH_3 is
 - a) NH,OH
- b) NH_2^-

c) NH_4^+

- d) NH_4OH
- 33.A gas mixture contains 25% He and 75% CH_4 by volume at a given temperature and pressure. The percentage by mass of methane in the mixture is approximately
 - a) 92%

b) 8%

c) 75%

- d) 25%
- 34. The percentage of s character in the hybrid orbitals of nitrogen in NO_2^+, NO_3^- and

 NH_4^+ respectively are

- a) 50%, 33.3%, 25%
- b) 25%, 50%, 33.3%
- c) 33.3%, 50%, 25%
- d) 33.3%, 25%, 50%
- 35. The formal charge on the central oxygen atom in ozone is:
 - a) +2

b) +1

c) -1

d) 0

- 36.When the same quantity of heat is absorbed by a system at two different temperatures T_1 and T_2 such that $T_1 > T_2$ change in entropies are ΔS_1 and ΔS_2 respectively. Then
 - a) $S_2 > S_1$
- b) $\Delta S_2 < S_1$
- c) $\Delta S_1 < S_2$
- d) $\Delta S_2 = S_1$
- 37. The oxidation number of nitrogen atoms in NH_4NO_3 are:
 - a) +3, -5
- b) -3, -3
- c) +5, -5
- d) -3, +5
- 38.A Lewis acid 'X' reacts with $LiAlH_4$ in ether medium to give a highly toxic gas. This gas when heated with NH_3 gives a compound commonly know as inorganic benzene. The gas is
 - a) $B_3 N_3 H_6$
- b) BF_3
- c) B_2O_3
- d) B_2H_6
- 39. The oxide of potassium that does NOT exist is:
 - a) K_2O_2
- b) K_2O_3

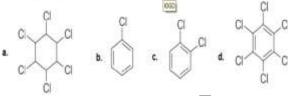
- c) K_2O
- d) KO_2
- 40. The metal that produces H_2 with both dil. HCl and NaOH(aq) is
 - a) Ca

b) Fe

c) Zn

- d) Mg
- 41. Which of the following is not a pair of functional isomers?
 - a) $CH_3CH_2NO_2$ and H_2NCH_2COOH
 - b) CH₃COOH and HCOOCH₃
 - c) $C_2H_5OC_2H_5$ and $C_3H_7OCH_3$
 - d) CH_3CH_2OH and $CHOCH_3$

42. Identify 'X' in the following reaction



- 43. Which of the following is NOT a group greenhouse gas?
 - a) O_2

b) *NO*₂

c) CFC

- d) CO.
- 44. A metal exists as an oxide with the formula $M_{0.96}O$. Metal M can exist as M^{2+} and M^{3+} in its oxide $M_{0.96}O$. The percentage of M^{3+} in the oxide is nearly:
 - a) 5%

- b) 9.6%
- c) 8.3%
- d) 4.6 %
- 45.A metal crystallizes in a face centred cubic structure having a metallic radius of $\sqrt{2}$ A° The volume of the unit cell $(in \ m^3)$ is
 - a) 4×10^{-9}
- b) 6.4×10^{-30}
- c) 4×10^{-10}
- d) 6.4×10^{-29}
- 46. Silicon doped with gallium forms:
 - a) An intrinsic semiconductor
 - b) P type semiconductor
 - c) N type semiconductor
 - d) Both n and p type semiconductor
- 47. The pair of electrolytes that possess the same value for the constant (A) in the Debye Huckel Onsager equation $\lambda_{m} = \lambda_{m}^{\circ} A\sqrt{C}$
 - a) $NaBr, MgSO_{4}$
- b) NaCl, CaCl,
- c) $MgSO_4$, Na_2SO_4
- d) NH_4Cl , NaBr

- 48. Which of the following pairs of solution are isotonic?
 - a) 0.001 M $CaCl_2$ and 0.001 M $Al_2(SO_4)_3$
 - b) $0.01 \text{ M} BaCl_2$ and $0.001 \text{ M} CaCl_2$
 - c) 0.01 M BaCl₂ and 0.015 M NaCl
 - d) 0.001 M $Al_2(SO_4)_3$ and 0.01M $BaCl_2$
- 49. Solute 'X' dimerises in water to an extent of 80%. 2.5 g of 'X' in 100 g of water increase the boiling point by 0.3°C. The molar mass
 - of X is: $\left[K_b = 0.52 \ Kkgmol^{-1} \right]$
 - a) 65

b) 26

c) 13

- d) 52
- 50. Given $E_{\frac{Fe^{+3}}{Fe^{+2}}}^{\circ} = +0.76 \,\text{and} \quad E_{\frac{I_2}{I^-}}^{\circ} = +0.55 \,\text{V}.$ The

equilibrium constant for the reaction taking place in the galvanic cell consisting of the above two electrodes is:

$$\frac{2.303RT}{F} = 0.06$$

- a) 3×10^{8}
- b) 5×10^{12}
- c) 1×10^{8}
- d) 1×10^9
- 51.If an aqueous solution of NaF is electrolyzed between inert electrodes, the product obtained at the anode is:
 - a) Na

b) O_2

c) F_2

- d) H_2
- 52.In which of the following cases a chemical reaction is possible
 - a) Conc. HNO_3 is stored in a platinum vessel
 - b) Gold ornaments are washed with dil. HCl
 - c) ZnSO₄ is placed in a copper vessel
 - d) $AgNO_3$ solution is stirred with a copper spoon

- 53. The time required for 60% completion of a first order reaction is 50 min. The time required for 93.6% completion of the same reaction will be
 - a) 50 min
- b) 150 min
- c) 100 min
- d) 83.8 min
- 54. For an elementary reaction $2A+3B \rightarrow 4C+D$, the rate of appearance of C at time 't' is $2.8\times10^{-3}mol~L^{-1}S^{-1}$. Rate of disappearance of B at 't' will be
 - a) $2(2.8 \times 10^{-3}) mol L^{-1} S^{-1}$
 - b) $\frac{1}{4} (2.8 \times 10^{-3}) mol L^{-1} S^{-1}$
 - c) $\frac{4}{3} (2.8 \times 10^{-3}) mol L^{-1} S^{-1}$
 - d) $\frac{3}{4} (2.8 \times 10^{-3}) mol L^{-1} S^{-1}$
- 55. The rate constant of a reaction is given by $k = P Ze \frac{E_a}{R_T} \text{ under standard notation. In}$

order to speed up the reaction, which of the following factors has to be decreased?

a) E_a

b) T

c) Z

- d) Both z and T
- 56.A sol of Agl is prepared by mixing equal volumes of 0.1 M $AgNO_3$ and 0.2M Kl, which of the following statement is correct?
 - a) Sol obtained is a positive sol with K^+ adsorbed on Agl
 - b) Sol obtained is a negative sol with I^- adsorbed on Agl
 - c) Sol obtained is a negative sol with NO_3^- adsorbed on Agl
 - d) Sol obtained is a positive sol with Ag^+ adsorbed on Agl

57. During adsorption of a gas on a solid

- a) $\Delta G < 0, \Delta H < 0.\Delta S > 0$
- b) $\Delta G < 0, \Delta H > 0.\Delta S > 0$
- c) $\Delta G < 0, \Delta H < 0.\Delta S < 0$
- d) $\Delta G > 0$. $\Delta H > 0$. $\Delta S > 0$

58. Copper is extracted from copper pyrites by

- a) Electrometallurgy
- b) Auto reduction
- c) Thermal decomposition
- d) Reduction by coke

59. Function of potassium ehtylxanthate in forth floatation process is to make ore:

- a) Hydrophilic
- b) Heavier
- c) Lighter
- d) Hydrophobic

- 60. Sulphide ore on roasting gives a gas X, X reacts with Cl_2 in the presence of activated charcoal to give: Y: Y is
 - a) SCl_6

- b) SOCl,
- c) SO_2Cl_2
- d) S_2Cl_2

ANSWER KEYS

1. (c)	2. (c)	3. (a)	4. (c)	5. (a)	6. (c)	7. (c)	8. (b)	9. (b)	10. (d)
11. (d)	12. (c)	13. (b)	14. (b)	15. (a)	16. (a)	17. (a)	18.(a)	19. (a)	20. (d)
21. (d)	22. (d)	23. (a)	24. (d)	25. (d)	26. (d)	27. (c)	28. (d)	29.(d)	30. (b)
31. (b)	32. (b)	33. (a)	34. (a)	35.(b)	36. (c)	37. (d)	38. (d)	39. (b)	40. (c)
41. (c)	42. (d)	43. (a)	44. (c)	45. (d)	46. (b)	47. (d)	48.(c)	49. (b)	50. (c)
51. (b)	52. (d)	53. (b)	54. (d)	55. (a)	56. (b)	57. (c)	58. (b)	59. (d)	60. (c)

